



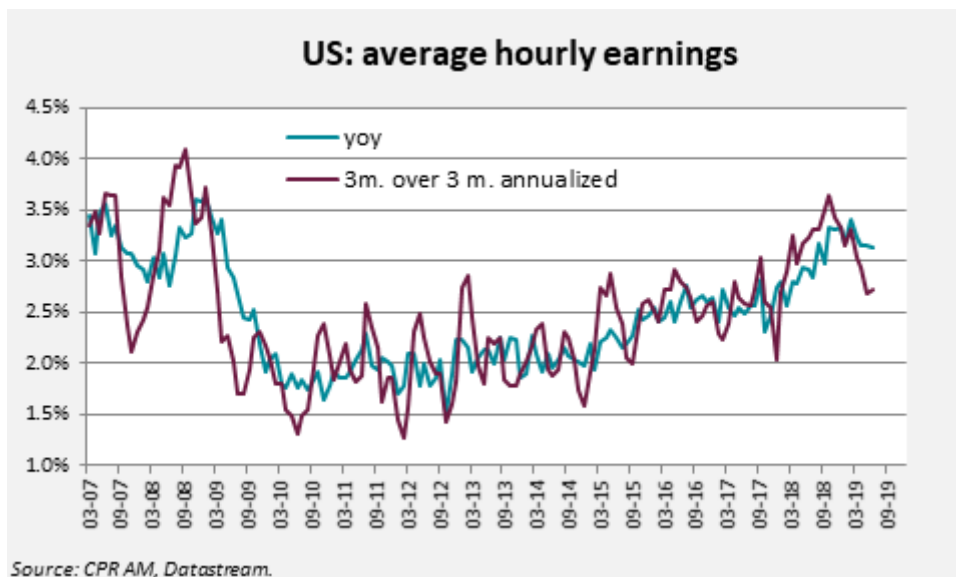
Another look at the US labor market

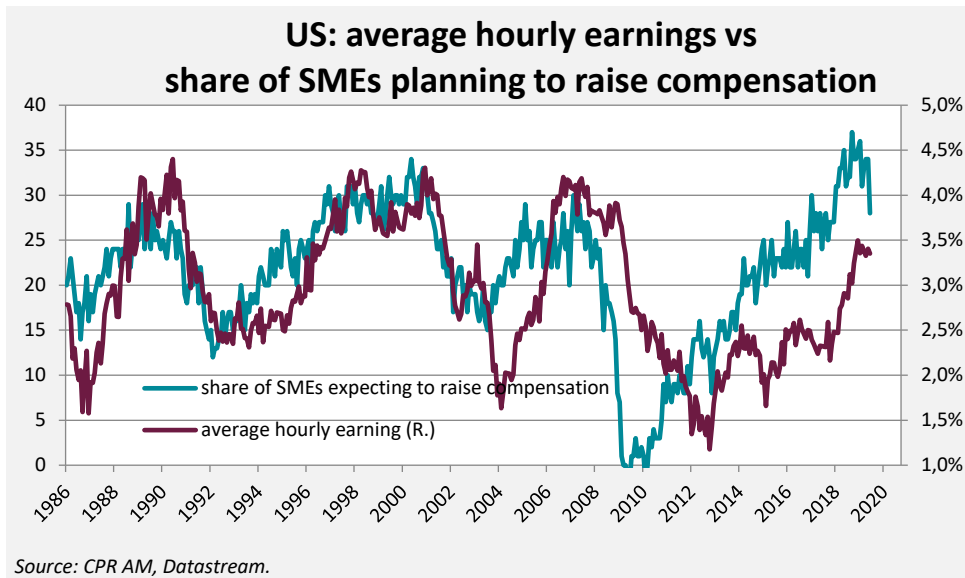
By Bastien Drut, Senior Strategist at CPR AM

While US economic growth is slowing, the labor market is receiving even more attention than usual. In particular, the June job report was eagerly awaited by the financial markets because bad figures would have reinforced the idea of a Fed rate cut as early as July. Non-farm job creations in June were finally well above expectations: +224,000 vs. +160,000 expected and +72,000 in May. However, as we will see in the following, several other indicators point to the fact that the US labor market is reaching an inflection point.

Wages no longer increased or even decreased.

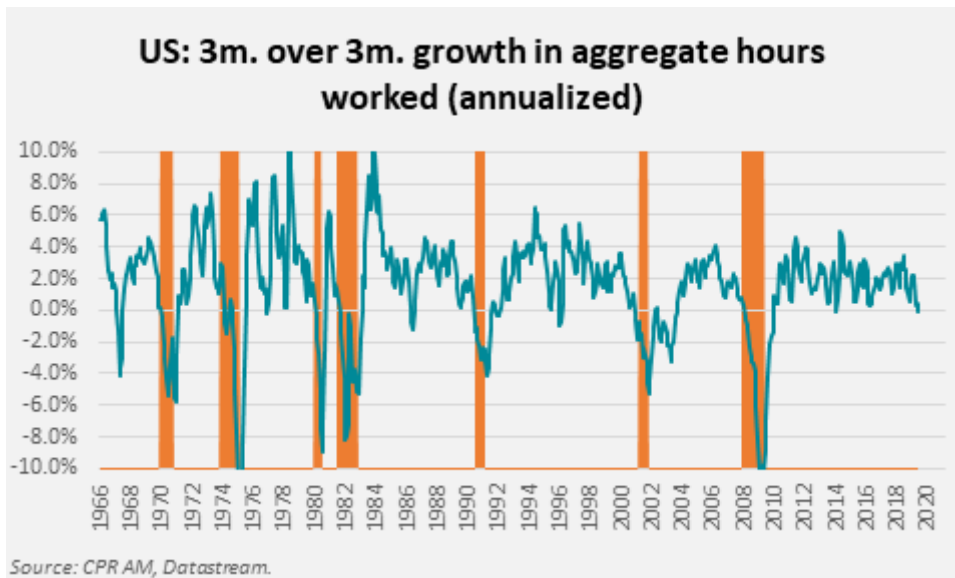
On a year-over-year basis, average wages were up 3.1% in June, the lowest figure since September. In surveys, fewer companies indicate that they want to increase compensations in the coming months.





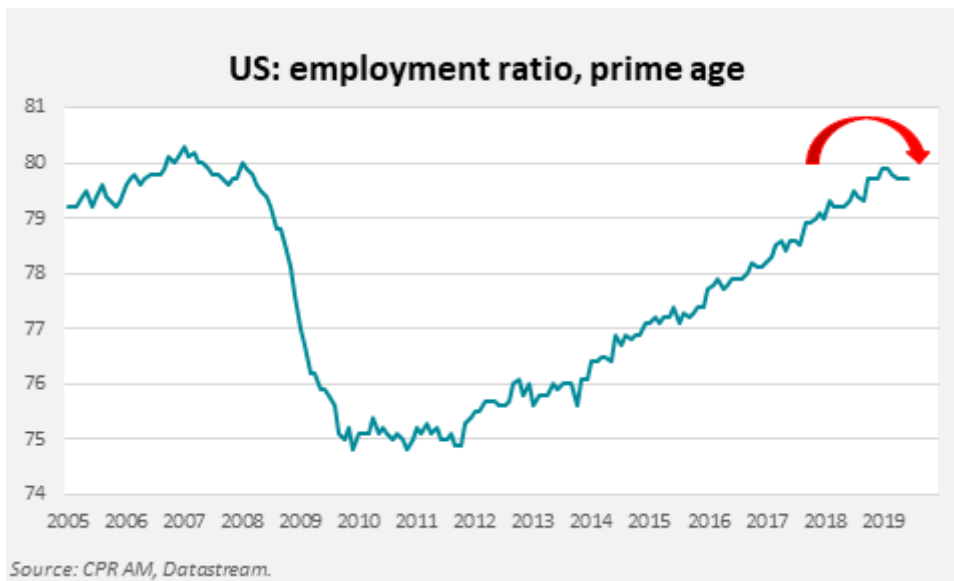
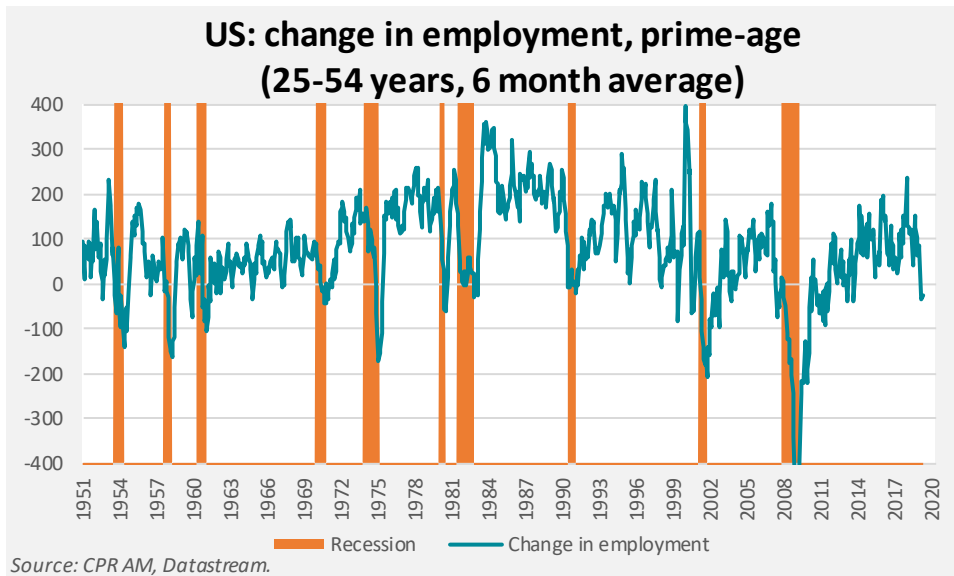
The aggregate number of hours worked is clearly slowing down.

In 3 months over 3 months, the increase in hours worked was even negative in June, which is rarely observed outside the recession and is therefore to be followed.



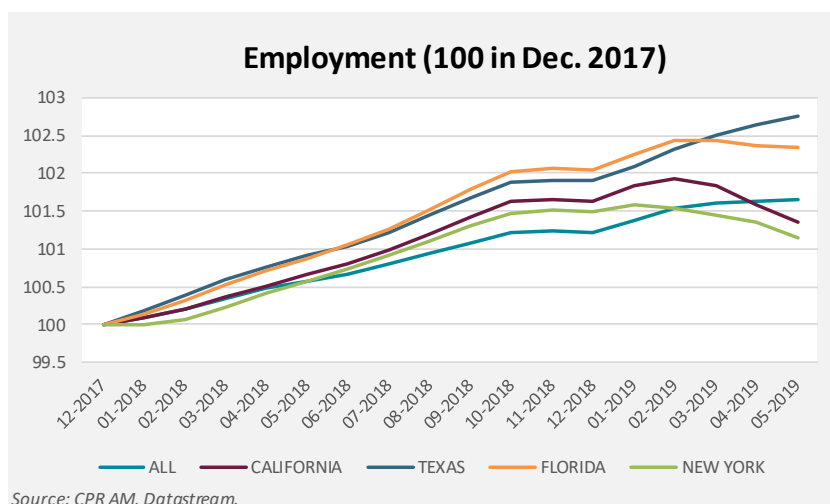
In recent months, there has been a contraction in employment for the "prime age" category.

That is, the 25-54 age group, which is supposed to represent the core of the labor force. One might think that this is due to the aging of the population (with an increase in the number of people crossing the age of 54) but the employment ratio (ratio of people working on total population) of the 25-54 age group has decreased (a little) in 2019. On the last cycle, the drop in the prime-age employment ratio started in January 2007.



There is now a clear trend of job destruction in California and New York.

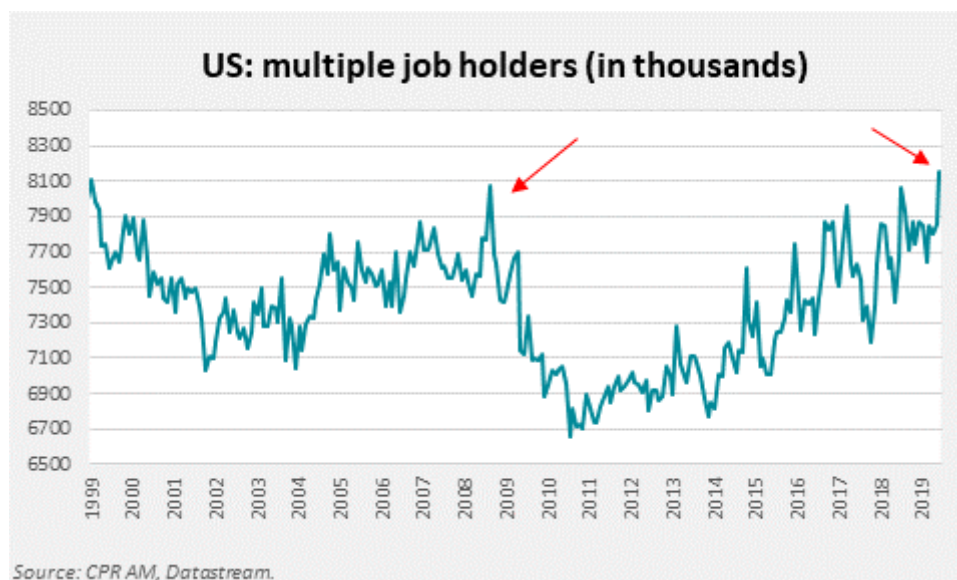
There is also a halt to job growth in Florida. On the other hand, employment is still growing steadily in Texas. Over the last 3 months, employment has contracted in 16 states, which has not been seen for more than five years and is very high outside the recession period.



All comments and analyses reflect CPR AM's view of market conditions and its evolution, according to information known at the time. As a result of the simplified nature of the information contained in this document, that information is necessarily partial and incomplete and shall not be considered as having any contractual value.

The number of people reporting more than one job increased by 301,000 in June.

One of the possible causes may be that the less well-off households are forced to find a second job to make ends meet (recently, the confidence of the low-income households measured by the Conference Board has collapsed). Such an increase had been observed in the months preceding the fall of Lehman Brothers (while the United States was already in recession).



To conclude, even though the June employment report was a welcome surprise "on the face", the reality is less encouraging and there are indications that the labor market is reaching an inflection point.

Date of publication: July 2019

Information:

All comments and analyses reflect CPR AM's view of market conditions and its evolution, according to information known at the time. As a result of the simplified nature of the information contained in this document, that information is necessarily partial and incomplete and shall not be considered as having any contractual value.

This document has not been drafted in compliance with the regulatory requirements aiming at promoting the independence of financial analysis or investment research. CPRAM is therefore not bound by the prohibition to conclude transactions of the financial instruments mentioned in this document. Any projections, valuations and statistical analyses herein are provided to assist the recipient in the evaluation of the matters described herein. Such projections, valuations and analyses may be based on subjective assessments and assumptions and may use one among alternative methodologies that produce different results. Accordingly, such projections, valuations and statistical analyses should not be viewed as facts and should not be relied upon as an accurate prediction of future events.

About CPR Asset Management:

CPR AM is an investment management company certified by the French Financial Markets Authority, an autonomous and wholly owned subsidiary of Amundi Group. CPR AM works exclusively in third-party investment management (for institutional, corporate, insurance, private banking, fund management, and wealth management clients). CPR AM covers the main asset classes, including equities, convertibles, diversified investments, interest rates and credit).

CPR AM in figures (End- December 2018)

- More than €47.5 billion in AuM
- More than 100 employees, more than one third of whom are involved in investment management.

CPR ASSET MANAGEMENT, limited company with a capital of € 53 445 705 - Portfolio management company authorized by the AMF n° GP 01-056 - 90 boulevard Pasteur, 75015 Paris - France – 399 392 141 RCS Paris.



All comments and analyses reflect CPR AM's view of market conditions and its evolution, according to information known at the time. As a result of the simplified nature of the information contained in this document, that information is necessarily partial and incomplete and shall not be considered as having any contractual value.

